TYPHOON PREPAREDNESS GUAM 2020

Create an emergency plan:

- Meet with household members and discuss the dangers of possible emergency events, including fire, severe weather, hazardous spills, and terrorism.
- Discuss how you and your family will respond to each possible emergency.
- Discuss what to do in case of power outages or personal injuries.
- Draw a floor plan of your home. Mark two escape routes from each room.
- Teach adults how to turn off the water, gas, and electricity at main switches. If for any reason you do turn off natural gas service to your home, call to restore service, Do not attempt to restore gas service yourself.
- Post emergency contact numbers near all telephones, pre-program emergency numbers into phones with auto-dial capabilities.
- Teach children how and when to dial9-1-1 to get emergency assistance.
- Teach children how to make long-distance telephone calls.
- Pick a friend or relative that all family members will call if separated (it is often easier to call out-of-state during an emergency than within the affected area.
- Instruct household members to turn on the radio for emergency information.
- Pick two meeting places:
- A ρlace near your home.
- A place outside your neighborhood (or off-island) in case you cannot return home after an emergency.
- Take a basic First Aid and CPR Class.
 Contact American Red Cross for more info.
- Keep family records in a water and fireproof safe. Inexpensive models can be purchased at most hardware store



<u>Disaster Kit that includes::</u>

- At least a 3-day supply of water (1 gallon per person per day). Store water in sealed, unbreakable containers. Replace every 6 months.
- A 3 to 5 day supply of non-perishable packaged or canned food and a non-electric can opener.
- A change of clothing, rain gear, and sturdy shoes.
- Blankets, bedding, or sleeping bags.
- A first aid kit and prescription medications (be sure to check the expiration dates)
- An extra pair of glasses or contact lenses and solution (be sure to check the expiration dates)
- A list of family physicians, important medical information, and the style and serial number of medical devices such as pacemakers.
- Special items for infants, the elderly, or family members with disabilities.
- A battery-powered radio, flashlight, and plenty of extra batteries.
- Identification, credit cards, cash, and photocopies of important family documents including home insurance information.
- An extra set of car and house keys.
- Tools such as screwdrivers, cutters and scissors, duct tape, waterproof matches, fire extinguisher, flares, plastic storage containers, needle and thread, pen and paper, a compass, garbage bags, and regular household bleach.



If You Have Pets:

- Create a survival kit for your pet. This should include:
- Identification collar and rabies tag.
- Carrier or cage.
- Leash.
- Any medications (be sure to check expiration dates).
- Newspapers and plastic trash bags for handling waste.
- At least a two-weeks supply of food, water, and food bowls.
- Veterinary records (most animal shelters do not allow pets without proof of vaccination).
- If you have no other choice but to leave your pet at home, place your pet in a safe area inside your home with plenty of water and food. Never leave pets chained outside. Place a note outside your home listing what pets are inside, where they are located, and phone numbers of where you can be reached.

If Your Power Goes Out:

- Remain calm, and assist family members or neighbors who may be vulnerable if exposed to extreme heat or cold.
- Locate a flashlight with batteries to use until power comes back on. Do not use candles this can cause a fire.
- Turn off sensitive electric equipment such as computers, VCRs, and televisions.
- Turn off major electric appliances that were on when the power went off. This will help to prevent power surges when electricity is restored.
- Keep your refrigerator and freezer doors closed as much as possible to keep cold in and heat out.
- Do not use the stove to heat your home this can cause a fire or fatal gas leak.
- Use extreme caution when driving. If traffic signals are out, treat each signal as a stop sign come to a complete stop at every intersection and look before you proceed.
- Do not call 9-1-1 to ask about the power outage. Listen to the news radio stations for updates.
- Flooding can cause contamination of water supplies. Bad water can contain microorganisms that cause diseases such as dysentery, typhoid, and hepatitis. If you think your water may be contaminated, you should purify it before using it. This includes water used for drinking, cooking, cleaning dishes, or bathing. The best way to purify water is to boil it. Boiling. Boiling is considered the safest method of purifying water. Bring water to a boil for 3-5 minutes, and then allow it to cool before drinking. Pouring water back and forth between two containers will improve the taste by putting oxygen back into the water.

Typhoon Evacuation Preparations:

- ☐ Listen to/Watch the local media
- Cooperate with local officials directing evacuation routes
- If you do not have any transportation, make arrangements with relatives, friends, or your local village Mayor Office. Wear protective clothing and sturdy shoes
- Gather water, food, clothing, and emergency supplies
- Secure your house by
 - Boarding or placing shutter on all windows/doors
 - Unplug appliances
 - Turn off gas valve
 - Turn off the main water valve
- Follow recommended evacuation routes
- Don't take shortcuts! They may be blocked

Indoor Preparations:

- Secure all important documents in a zip lock bag
- Cover all beds and other items with plastic to protect from water seeping in around windows/doors
- Consider packing matches (consider using child-proof lighters), toilet paper and other things you
 must keep dry in a zip lock bag
- Closets are a good place for storing large items
- Roll carpets up and away from doors, arrange flashlights, lanterns, candles, and lighters in places
 where they can be easily found
- When, or if the power goes out unplug all appliances; this will prevent damage from power surge when power is restored.
- Ensure all range controls are in the off position

Outside Preparations:

- Tie down tin-covered roof extension with cables
- Secure all loose items such as garbage can lids, empty drums, gardening tools, and any other material that could become airborne during high winds
- ☐ Take down all lawn umbrellas and temporary canopies
- Secure plywood or typhoon shutters on windows and have an extra plywood/shutter on hand; wind-thrown debris and wind pressure can break windows
- Remove and secure or waterproof window air conditioners
- Fuel your car; service stations may be closed after the storm
- Ensure that the main gas valve is shut off
- Stay indoors until Condition Four is declared

Post Typhoon Preparations:

- Remain in your shelter, until informed by local authorities that it is safe to leave
- Keep tuned to local radio or television stations for advice and instructions from the local government
- Stay away from disaster areas-sightseers should not interrupt crucial rescue and recovery work
- Drive only when necessary and be especially careful. Streets will be filled with debris and down lines/tree
- Avoid loose or dangling power wires and report them immediately to local officials
- Report broken sewer or water mains
- Prevent fires. Local water pressure may bd low, making fire fighting more difficult
- Check refrigerated food for spoilage
- ed=0CAIQjRxqFwoTCOjsvcXRgewCFQAAAAAAAAAAAABAD all potential flooding has passed.



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